

# **TOURISM**

### Potency

The tourism sector in West Kalimantan has not optimally developed. In the near future, resort development will commerce as they are already supported by sufficient infrastructure. These include the Temajuk Island (Paloh) of Sambas, the Pasir Panjang Beach of Bengkayang, and Temajo Island of Pontianak. Good access roads-known as the Pantura route-to these destinations exist.

#### Land

The three resort will be build on state – owned land. However the Pasir Panjang resort that has been partially developed by local investor still needs further development.

### Condition of location

The Temajo Island is destinated to become an integrated zone that comprise an international harborand a preservation forest area of 306 Hectare which can be utilized for ecotourism. Its coast is 2.400 meters long and boast the potentials for diving, surfing, and others. The zonal activities can be combined with those of the Kijing Beach, so that a respectable tourism zone can be established. The Pasir Panjang Beach has been partially developed by local investors and has some facilities such as hotels, sports facilities swimming pools etc. The Temajok Island (Paloh) borders Malaysia with beautiful view. Plans for its utilization have been designed.

# Transportation

- a. Land
  - Pontianak Sungai Kunyit = 85 Km
  - Pontianak Pasir Panjang = 110 Km
  - Pontianak Paloh = 225 Km
- b. River/ sea
  - Sungai Kunyit Temajo Island =  $\pm 1$  hour by small ship

# Supported Facilities

- a. Land Transportation
  - Condition : Asphalt
  - Status : Provincial Road

### Supported Facilities

a. Land Transportation

- Condition : Asphalt

- Status : Provincial Road

b. Telecommunication

- Telephone : Exist in sub district
- Hand phone : Cover all area

c. Clean water : Natural water

d. Electricity : PLN ( Electric state company )

e. Bank : BRI

f. Health Institution: Puskesmas

West Kalimantan has some of intresting tourist attraction such as: Equator, Monument, Kadriyah Royal Palace, Pasir Panjang Beach, Bougainvillea Agro Tourism Park, Batu Belimbing Park, Kelam Hill National Park and Kopar Long House.

As the one of regions in Indonesia West Kalimantan has lots of natural resources such as tropical rain forest with various kind of flora and fauna. Most part of such regions (± 1,4 million Ha) has been regulated as conservation forest area divided into:

- a. Wild Conservation Park (Natural Reserves) with total area is 358.828 Ha.
- b. 1 Reserve ( ± 80.000 Ha )
- c. 3 National Parks (± 960.500 Ha)
- d. 2 Tourism Forest (835 Ha)

Specific condition of each conservation forest zone as fallows:

- a. Mandor Natural Park
- b. Raya Pasi Natural Park
- c. Kendawangan Natural
- d. Danau Sentarum Wild Park
- e. Gunung Palung National Park
- f. Bukit Baka National Park
- g. Bukit Bakau National Park



Raja Udang Bird